TRAILS

Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Inclusive Classrooms in Germany

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale University of Wuppertal, Germany



MARCH 29 - APRIL 1, 2023 JACKSONVILLE, FL



Expanding World of PBS: science, values, and vision

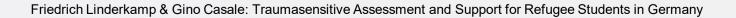
Learning Objectives

- To know about a large German research project focusing on traumasensitive PBIS methods for students with refugee background in inclusive classroom
- To learn about empirical results of a qualitative interview study with teachers, students, and parents on needs and challenges in trauma-sensitive work in German schools
- To learn about innovative methods to develop a participative empirical study to implement and evaluate teacher training plus a TIER 1/2 intervention for students on a bottom-up basis.
- To be informed about specific techniques for trauma sensitive assessment and support of refugee students in inclusive classrooms based on PBIS principles



Agenda

- Project Background and Goals
- Part 1: Analysis of Students', Parents', and Teachers' Needs
- Part 2: Development and Evaluation of Assessment and Support Tools (Tier 1 & Tier 2)
- Discussion





Project Background & Goals



Socio-cultural background: Asylum seekers in Germany

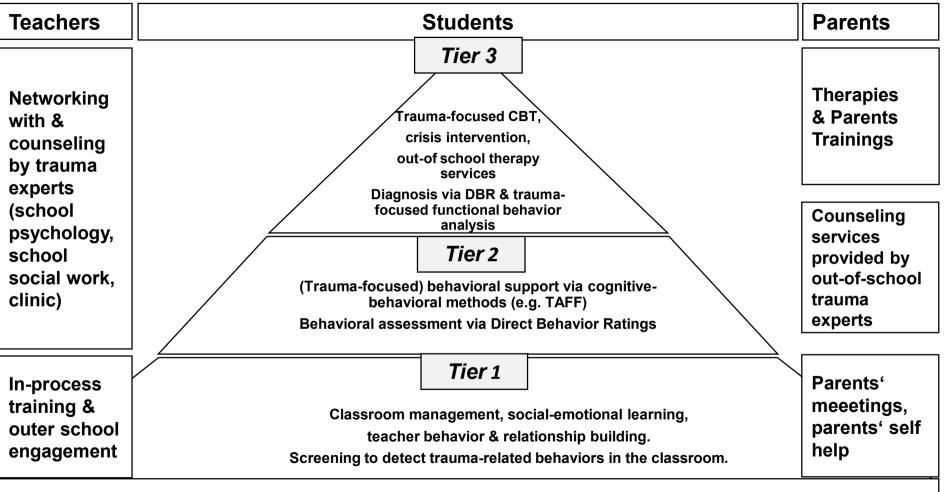


Introduction

- About 43% of the asylum seekers in Germany are minors and have an increased risk of traumatization due to the confrontation with war and crisis (BAMF, 2022; Pine et al., 2005)
- Teachers are exposed to trauma related stressors emanating from students in the school context, which may pose a risk for secondary traumatization in teachers (Fleckmann et al., 2022)
 - Schools must be prepared for the inclusion of students with refugee experience
 - Sofar, however, there is a lack of evidence-based concepts for assessment and interventon in this context in Germany

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany





Social Engagement to change social conditions that create and exacerbate psychological trauma (e.g. social programs to alleviate poverty)

TRAILS - Project Overview (January 2022 – December 2024)



Development, implementation and evaluation of an integrated, multi-tiered system for the assessment and intervention of trauma-affected students with refugee backgrounds in inclusive school at lower secondary level (class 5-8) in Germany

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany

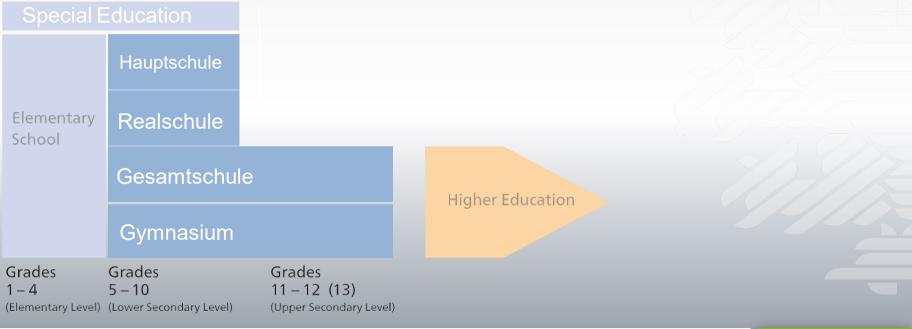


Needs Analysis



Phase 1: Needs analysis – Research question

What are the experiences and needs of teachers, students and parents with regard to traumasensitive assessment and intervention in inclusive schools (classes 5-8) in Germany?

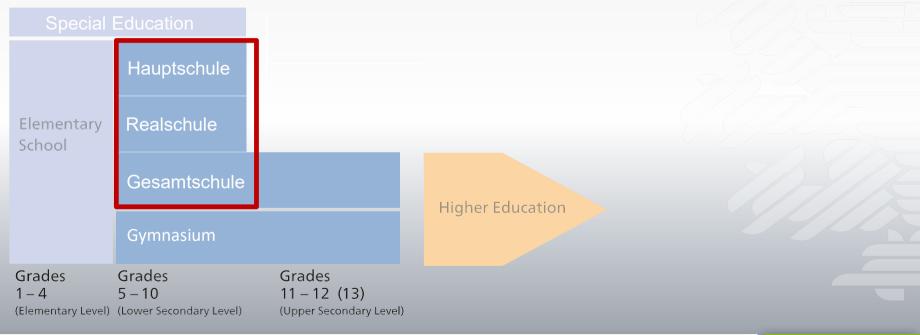


Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Phase 1: Needs analysis – Research question

What are the experiences and needs of teachers, students and parents with regard to trauma- sensitive assessment and intervention in inclusive schools (classes 5-8) in Germany?



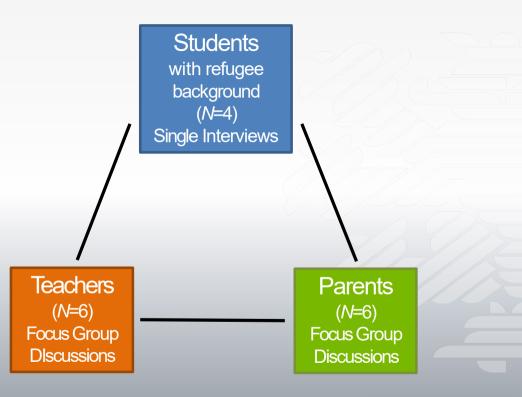
Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Phase 1: Needs analysis – Methods and Participants

Methods:

- Semi-structured interviews and Focus Group Discussions
- Structured content analysis according to Kuckartz (1986)





Needs analysis – Students

Behavior of teachers	Behavior of other students	Infrastrucural issues
 In case of emotional problems: Responsibility Access to trusted teachers Support for problemsolving Taking time Accurate assessment of problematic situations Consistent help offers Teacher behavior in general: Trust in students Taking students seriously Kindness and patience Reasonable reactions Willingness to help Sensitivity 	 In case of emotional problems: Presence Abilty to talk Abilty to deal with aggressive or refusing behavior Contacting students that have problems Finding solutions together constructively Leave space if needed An open ear 	 Places to be alone Silent places



Needs analysis – Parents

Infrastrucural issues **Behavior of teachers Professional collaborations** Bemore considerate about Improvement of parents- Improvement of personell and professional ressources in traumatic expierences in teachers cooperation refugee students Improvement of teachersschools Overcoming laguage refugee students • related barriers collaboration Making the integration ٠ process easier for refugee students Preventing secondary traumatization in other students Addressing difficulties ٠



Needs analysis – Teachers

Trauma related knowledge and Interpersonal und professional Infrastrucural issues collaborations competencies Trauma-related knowledge and • Improvement of the • Improving ressources (time, skills to identify and support teacher-parent cooperation space & staff) traumatization in students Improvement of the More frequent opportunities collegial and multifor student- teacher with refugee background Abilty to recognize professional cooperation conversations • unhelpful teacher behaviors A more flexible school • Abilty to teach students system • with German as second Easyaccess to school psychologists and trauma language Knowledge about self-care therapists • strategies for teachers



Summary

- Common categories between the interview groups (e.g. more time, space and flexibility in school)
- Across all groups, there is indication that teachers need greater trauma-related knowledge and skills for dealing with traumatized students with refugee background
- → Impact on TRAILS-Methods:

a) Assessment Tools

b) Intervention

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Questions & Discussion



Development and Evaluation of Assessment and Intervention on Tiers 1 & 2



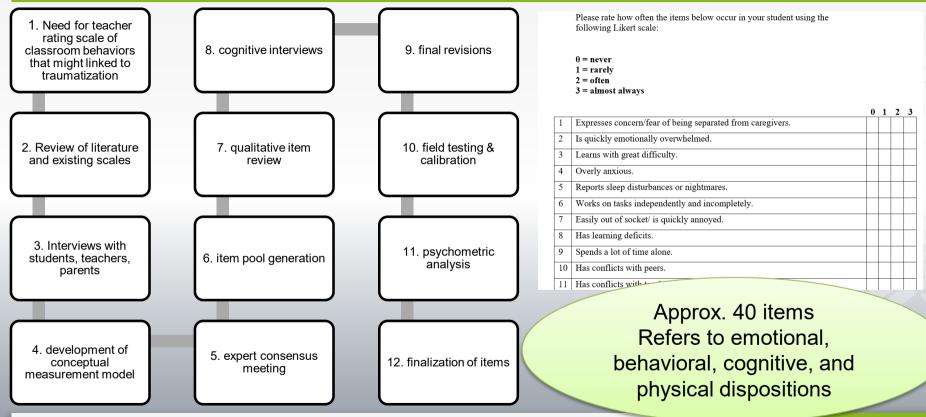
Teachers	Students	Parents							
Networking with & counseling by trauma	Tier 3 Trauma-focused CBT, crisis intervention, out-of school therapy services	Therapies & Parents Trainings							
experts (school	Diagnosis via DBR & trauma- focused functional behavior analysis	Counseling							
psychology, school social work, clinic)	<i>Tier 2</i> (Trauma-focused) behavioral support via cognitive- behavioral methods (e.g. TAFF)	services provided by out-of-school trauma experts							
	Behavioral assessment via Direct Behavior Ratings								
In-process training & outer school engagement	Tier 1 Classroom management, social-emotional learning, teacher behavior & relationship building. Screening to detect trauma-related behaviors in the classroom.	Parents' meeetings, parents' self help							
Social Engagement to change social conditions that create and exacerbate psychological trauma (e.g. social programs to alleviate poverty)									

Tier 1: →Universal Screening →Cultural Responsive Classroom Management

Tier 2:
→CBT-based intervention ("TAFF")
→Direct Behavior Ratings - MIS



Tier 1: Universal Screening



Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Tier 1: Cultural Responsive Classroom Management

- Recognize own ethnocentrism and possible prejudices
- Know the cultural background of the students
- Know the social, economic and political context
- Demonstrate competencies and readiness for culturally sensitive classroom management
- Build caring communities in the classroom



Tier 1: →Universal Screening →Cultural Responsive Classroom Management

Tier 2:
→CBT-based intervention ("TAFF")
→Direct Behavior Ratings - MIS



Tier 2: CBT-based intervention

Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS; Jaycox et al., 2012)

- Sound theoretical foundation
- Empirical evidence for effectiveness

Support for Students Exposed to Trauma (SSET; Jaycox et al., 2009)

- Usable in schools
- SAFE: Sequenced Active –
 Focused Explicit (Durlak et al., 2011)

Traumasensibles Unterstützungs- und Förderkonzept für Kinder- und Jugendliche mit Fluchthintergrund (TAFF; Linderkamp & Casale, 2022)

Trauma-sensitive support and intervention for children and adolescents with a refugee background

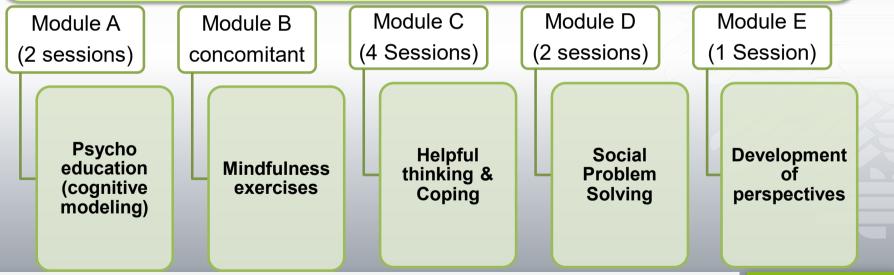
Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Tier 2: CBT-based intervention

Traumasensibles Unterstützungs- und Förderkonzept für Kinder- und Jugendliche mit Fluchthintergrund (TAFF; Linderkamp & Casale, 2022)

Trauma-sensitive support and intervention for children and adolescents with a refugee background



Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



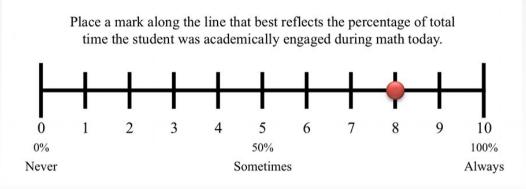
Tier 2: CBT-based intervention

Traumasensibles Unterstützungs- und Förderkonzept für Kinder- und Jugendliche mit Fluchthintergrund (TAFF; Linderkamp & Casale, 2022)

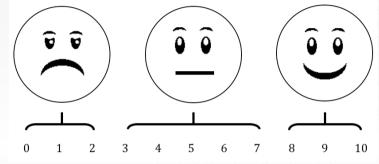
Trauma-sensitive support and intervention for children and adolescents with a refugee background

- 10 sessions
- 90 minutes each
- Sequential rituals:
 - (1) Welcoming
 - (2) Emotional barometer ("smileys" to recognize own emotions)
 - (3) Contents of todays session
 - (4) Short meditation/ mindfulness exercise
 - (5) Practice and reflection
 - (6) Short meditation/ mindfulness exercise & farewell





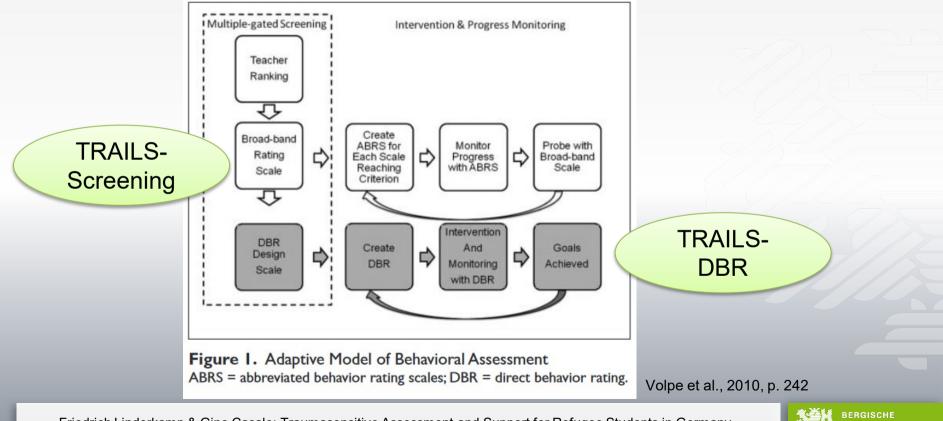
Circle the number that best represents the student's behavior:



Figures used from: www.directbehaviorrating.com

- Hybrid of systematic-direct observation and behavior rating scales
- Rating of
- ➔ A specific behavior
- ➔ In a specific situation
- ➔ Immediately after the behavior occurred







Please rate how often the items below occur in your student using the following Likert scale:

0 = never

1 = rarely

2 = often

3 = almost always

		0	1	2	3	1.	Easily out of so	cket/ is quickly a	nnoyed	
1	Expresses concern/fear of being separated from caregivers.	X	_	_			0	1	2	3
2	Is quickly emotionally overwhelmed.			X			never	rarely	sometimes	often
3	Learns with great difficulty.		X			2.	Has conflicts w	ith peers		
4	Overly anxious.			X			0	1	2	3
5	Reports sleep disturbances or nightmares.	X					never	rarely	sometimes	often
6	Works on tasks independently and incompletely.		Х							
7	Easily out of socket/ is quickly annoyed.				Χ	3.	Has conflicts w	ith teachers	2	
0	mas rearning dericits.		л				0 never	1 rarely	2 sometimes	3 often
9	Spends a lot of time alone.			Χ						
10	Has conflicts with peers.				Χ					
11	Has conflicts with teachers.				X					

How often did the student show the following behaviors in group phases?

	Χ										
			X		3.	Has confli 0	cts with teachers 1	2	3	4	5
	Δ			1		never	rarely	sometimes	often	very often	almost alway
		Χ									
			X								
			X								
			Λ								

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



UNIVERSITÄT WUPPERTAL

5

5

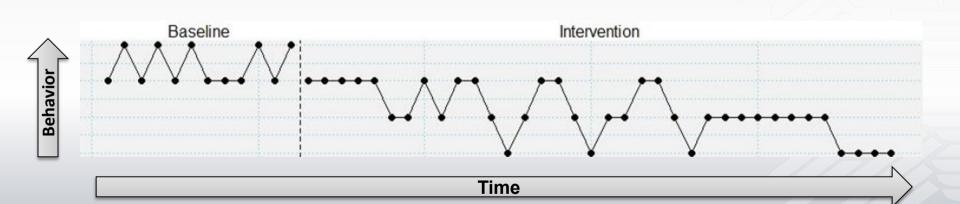
almost always

almost always

4

4 verv often

verv often





Questions & Discussion

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Project Homepage – <u>www.trailsprojekt.de</u>



TRIALS PROJECT - TEAM PARTNER NEWS CONTACT

TRAUMA-SENSITIVE DIAGNOSTICS AND SUPPORT IN INCLUSIVE SCHOOLS

RAI

Support for trauma-stressed students with refugee background



Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



Friedrich Linderkamp, Ph. D. Full Professor Gino Casale, Ph. D. Full Professor

University of Wuppertal School of Education Institute for Educational Research

linderkamp@uni-wuppertal.de

gcasale@uni-wuppertal.de



References

Briesch, A. M., Casale, G., Grosche M., Volpe, R. J., & Hennemann, T. (2017). Initial Validation of the Usage Rating Profile-Assessment. *Learning Disabilities: A Contemporary Journal*, *15*,193-207.

Bundesamt für Migration und Flüchtlinge (2022). Aktuelle Zahlen. Online source:

https://www.bamf.de/SharedDocs/Anlagen/DE/Statistik/AsylinZahlen/aktuelle-zahlen-februar-2022.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=3 (Retrieved on 18.03.2022).

Durlak, J. A., Weissberg, R. P., Dymnicki, A. B., Taylor, R. D., & Schellinger, K. B. (2011). The impact of enhancing students' social and emotional learning: A meta- analysis of school-based universal interventions. *Child Development*, 82(1), 405–432. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467 8624.2010.01564

Fleckman, J.M., Petrovic, L., & Simon, K. et al. (2022). Compassion Satisfaction, Secondary Traumatic Stress, and Burnout: A Mixed Methods Analysis in a Sample of Public-School Educators Working in Marginalized Communities. School Mental Health, 14, 933 – 950. https://doi.org/10.1007/s12310-022-09515-4

Goodman, R. (1997). The Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire: a research note. *Journal of child psychology and psychiatry, and allied disciplines,* 38(5), 581–586. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-7610.1997.tb01545.x

Grob, A., & Smolenski, C. (2005). FEEL-KJ. Fragebogen zur Erhebung der Emotionsregulation bei Kindern und Jugendlichen. Bern: Huber.

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany



References

- Jaycox, L., Langley, A., & Dean, K. L. (2009). Support for Students Exposed to Trauma. The SSET program: Group leader training manual, lesson plans, and lesson materials and work- sheets. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Health.
- Jaycox, L.H., Kataoka, S., Stein, B.D., Langley, A.K., & Wong, M. (2012). Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools. *Journal of Applied* School Psychology, 28, 239 - 255.
- Linderkamp, F., & Casale, G. (2022). Trauma sensibles Unterstützungs- und Förderkonzept für Kinder und Jugendliche mit Fluchthintergrund (TAFF). Unveröffentlichtes Manuskript. Bergische Universität Wuppertal.
- Pine, D. S., Costello, J. & Masten, A. (2005). Trauma, proximity, and developmental psychopathology: the effects of war and terrorism on children. *Neuropsychopharmacology: official publication of the American College of Neuropsychopharmacology*, 30(10), 1781–1792. https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.npp.1300814
- Schachner, M. K., Schwarzenthal, M., van de Vijver, F. J. R., & Noack, P. (2019). How all students can belong and achieve: Effects of the cultural diversity climate amongst students of immigrant and nonimmigrant background in Germany. *Journal of Educational Psychology*, *111*, 703–716.

Volpe, R. J., & Fabiano, G. A. (2013). Daily behavior report cards: An evidence-based system of assessment and intervention. New York: Guilford Press.

Friedrich Linderkamp & Gino Casale: Traumasensitive Assessment and Support for Refugee Students in Germany

