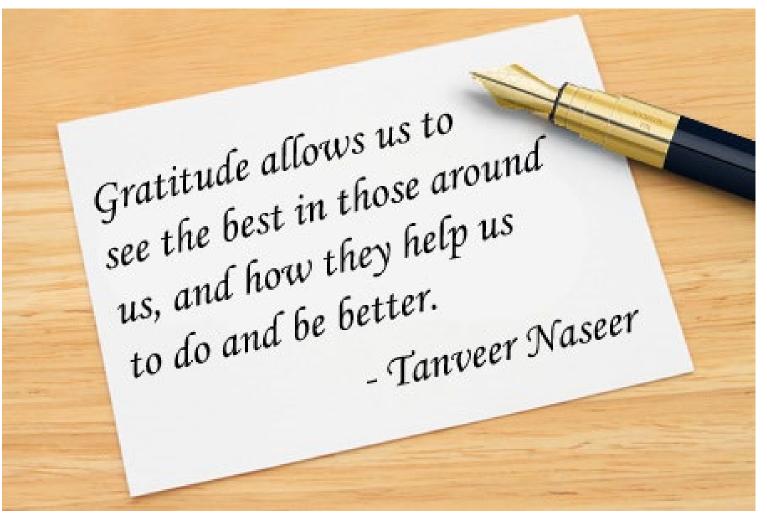
Principals as Ambassadors of Wellness: Leading PBIS Implementation to Fidelity

https://tinyurl.com/PaPBSPrincipalStudy

Becky Millspaugh, Ed.D. Tina Lawson, Ed.D., BCBA APBS Conference Jacksonville, FL March 30, 2023

Begin with Gratitude



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Dr. Terrance Furin Dr. Byron McCook Dr. Tina Lawson Dr. Kathleen Lane Dr. Kathryn Poggi Dr. Chanda Telleen Dr. Nikole Hollins-Sims Dr. Lisa Thomas Dr. Aaron Lyon Dr. Mark Ehrhart

PBIS Facilitator Colleagues Principals Supervisors and Directors Richard & Ruthanne George Alicia & MJ Millspaugh Family & Friends

Session Learning Intentions

• Explore practical leadership behaviors and focus for improving implementation fidelity

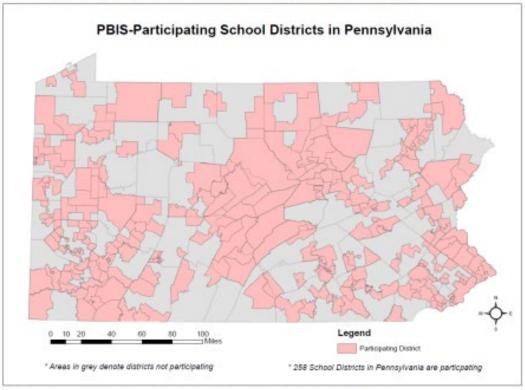
 Provide strategies for leading, meeting, and maintaining fidelity to universal PBIS implementation





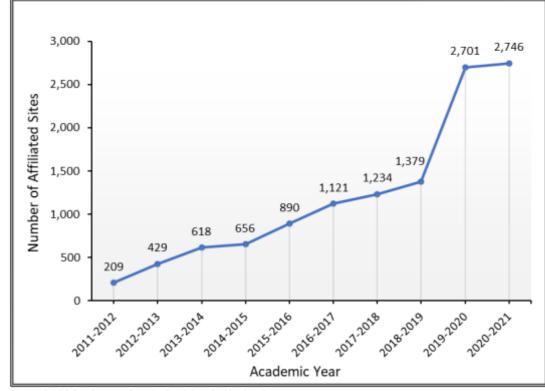
Pennsylvania Positive Behavior Support (PaPBS) Network

PAPBS Network Affiliated School Districts in 2020-2021



Note. PBIS = Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports.

Cross-Sectional Review of the Number of Sites Affiliated with the PAPBS Network



Note. PAPBS = Pennsylvania Positive Behavior Support.

Introduction



(University of Florida, 2021)

(Akyurt, 2021)

Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for **Behavior is** synonymous with Positive Behavior Interventions and **Supports** (PBIS)

Three-tiered model of supports impacting every student

> Framework for social emotional learning behavior

ALL students (universal)

SOME students (secondary supports)

FEW students

(individual or tertiary supports)

Systems to support staff

Data-based decision-making models

Practices directly supporting students

(Center on PBIS, 2020; McIntosh & Goodman, 2016; Sugai & Horner, 2009)

Universal Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior (MTSS-B)

 Systems, data models, and practices that impact every student in the educational setting

• Often referred to as Tier 1

 At fidelity, provides sufficient support for 80% or more of the school population

(Lane, et al., 2015; Molloy, et al., 2013)

Universal Multi-Tiered Systems of Support for Behavior (MTSS-B)

• Tier 1, universal MTSS-B **evidence-based practices** include:

- Common language
- Differentiated instruction
- Character education
- Behavior specific praise and reinforcement
- Instruction in social emotional learning
- Responding to problematic behaviors

Principal's commitment critical to overall to the mental health of school for both students and staff

Principals serve in complex roles when addressing non-academic barriers to student learning

82% of administrators reported not receiving pre-service training in the systems of interconnection of mental health and academics

(Blackman et al., 2016; lachini et al., 2016; Papa, 2018)

Principal's Role as Leader in Social Emotional Learning

Educational leaders are **ambassadors of mental wellness** and require emotional intelligence to improve mental health outcomes in schools (Adams, 2019). Teachers' implementation of interventions is more strongly related to principals' actions than to teachers' personal characteristics or capacity to implement.

When principals believed in the importance of an evidence-based practice, the fidelity of implementation to that practice was higher.

Even when implementation fidelity rates were high, the outcomes were lower in developing social emotional learning where principal support was low or absent.

(Debnam, et al., 2013; Kam et al., 2003; Rohrbach et al., 1993)

Principal's Role in Implementing Evidence Based Practices

Outcomes and fidelity are influenced by the belief of the principal.

Combs & Martin 2011

- Shared decision making
- Building leadership of others
- Support of implementation practices
- Communication
- Develop leader's professional growth

Andreou, et al.

2015

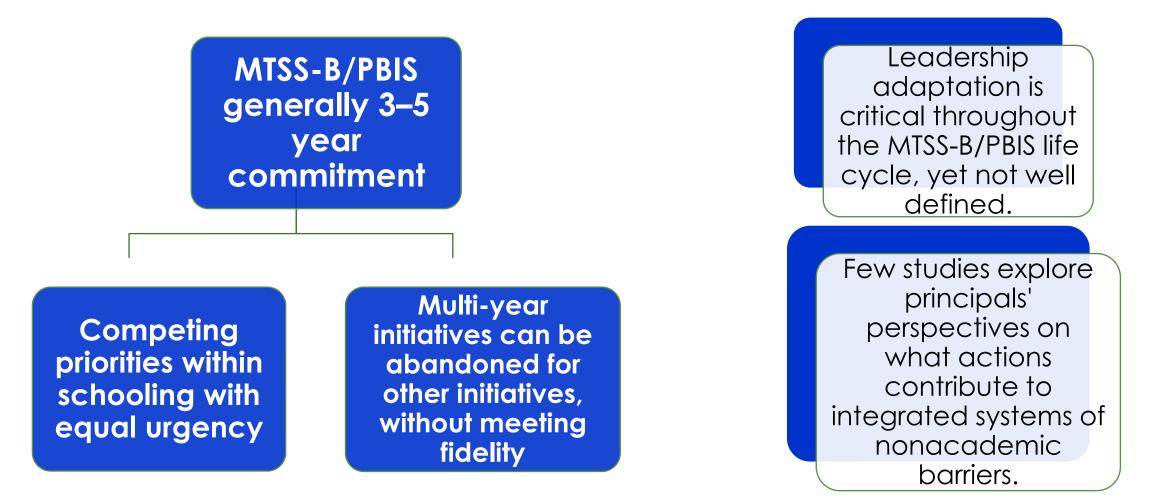
School administrator involvement and adaptation were categories implementers identified for reaching PBIS fidelity and sustainability Principal's Impact on PBIS Implementation Fidelity

- Principals were equally transformational
- Principals in PBIS schools perceived to be better at behavior management
- 2012 Richter, et al.

- Administrators: allocating resources, removing barriers, providing data, and reinforcing priorities for PBIS
- Team members: administrator's distributive leadership approaches and providing training and professional development
 2021

Scaletta & Hughes

Background of Problem



(lachini, et al., 2016; Leithwood & Sun, 2012; Kittelman et al., 2020; Thiers, 2017)



Purpose of the Study

- Investigate
- Describe
- Inform
- Guide

Significance of Study

School-based validated tools to

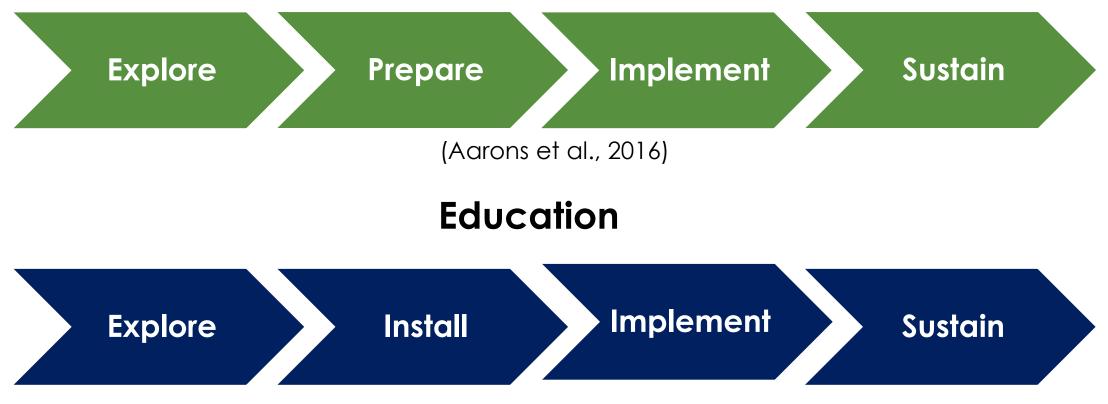
support research into principal leadership action to meet social and behavioral needs of students

 Focus on what leaders DO versus what brand or program is used to improve effective educational practices



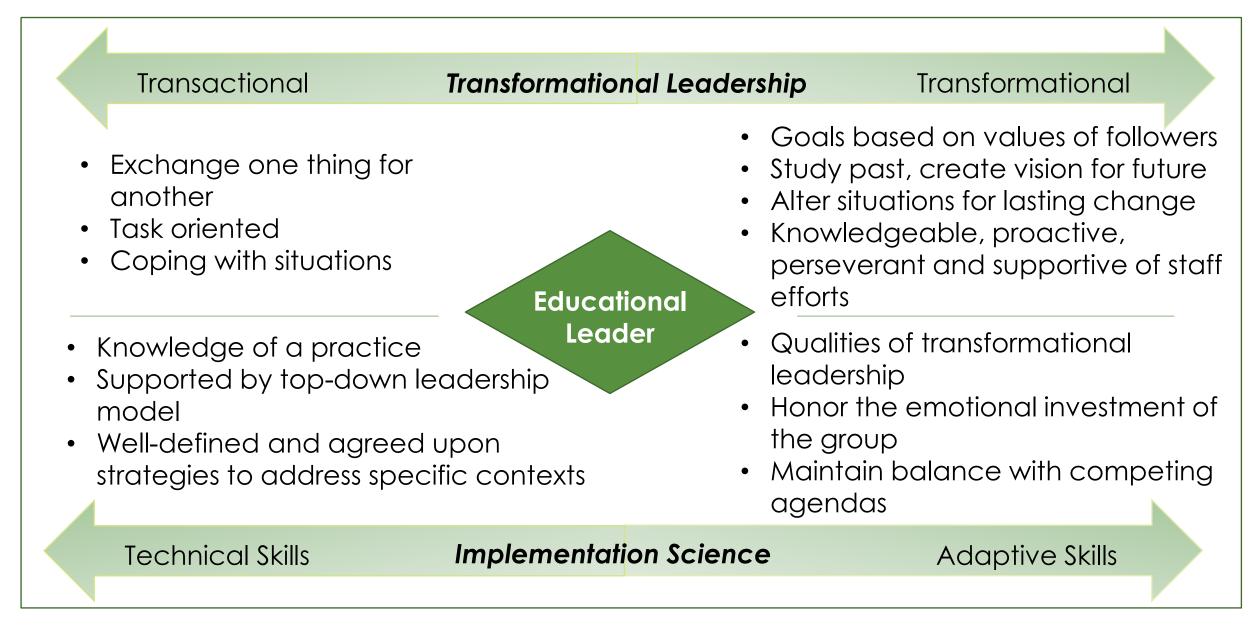
Searching for a Validated Tool

Public Health Sector



(Fixsen et al., 2005; Horner & Sugai, 2006)

Theoretical & Conceptual Framework for Leadership within MTSS



(Aarons et al., 2016; Bass, 1998; Blase, et al., 2015; Burns, 1978/2003; Fixsen et al., 2013; Furin, 2019; Heifetz, 1994; Stewart, 2006)

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS)

https://www.implementationleadership.com/measures

- Proactive Leadership
- Knowledgeable Leadership
- ° Supportive Leadership
- ° Perseverant Leadership
- ° Communication*
- ° Vision/Mission*
- Availability*

Permission was obtained by Drs. Ehrhart and Lyon to use this instrument as part of this study.

(Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

Research Question #1 (Quantitative)

Is there a difference in the mean scale scores of the school version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) between school staff and principals in

- proactive,
- knowledgeable,
- supportive,
- perseverant,
- communication,
- vision/mission,
- \circ and availability leader behaviors?

 H_0 : There will be no difference in the mean scale scores of the S-ILS between school staff and principals.

(Lyon et al., 2018)





70% or greater on the Benchmarks of Quality (BoQ) OR Tier 1 Subscale of the Tiered Fidelity Inventory (TFI)

(Algozzine, et al., 2016; Creswell, 2013; Kincaid, et al., 2010)

Sampling for this Case Study

Target Population for S-ILS Survey

- Schools meeting fidelity to Tier 1 PBIS during SY 2019-2020 and 2020-2021
- Contacts from the Pennsylvania Positive Behavior Support (PaPBS) Network for each school: staff and principal
 - 497 building principals and 934 staff members

Purposive Sampling: Focus Groups

- Principals:
 - Invited as part of the target group who completed the S-ILS
 - Currently leading PBIS efforts

S-ILS Research Participants N=152

90 staff members (10%) 62 principals (12%)

Distribution of School Type for Network Schools Eligible to Participate & S-ILS Participants	% of PaPBS Network Schools Levels meeting Tier 1 Fidelity 2019-2021	% of PaPBS Network School Levels Represented in S-ILS Participation
Elementary School	64%	68%
Elementary – Middle School	7%	1%
Middle School	15%	10%
Middle-High School	2%	1%
High School	9%	12%
K-12	4%	5%

Proactive Leadership



Proactive Leadership....

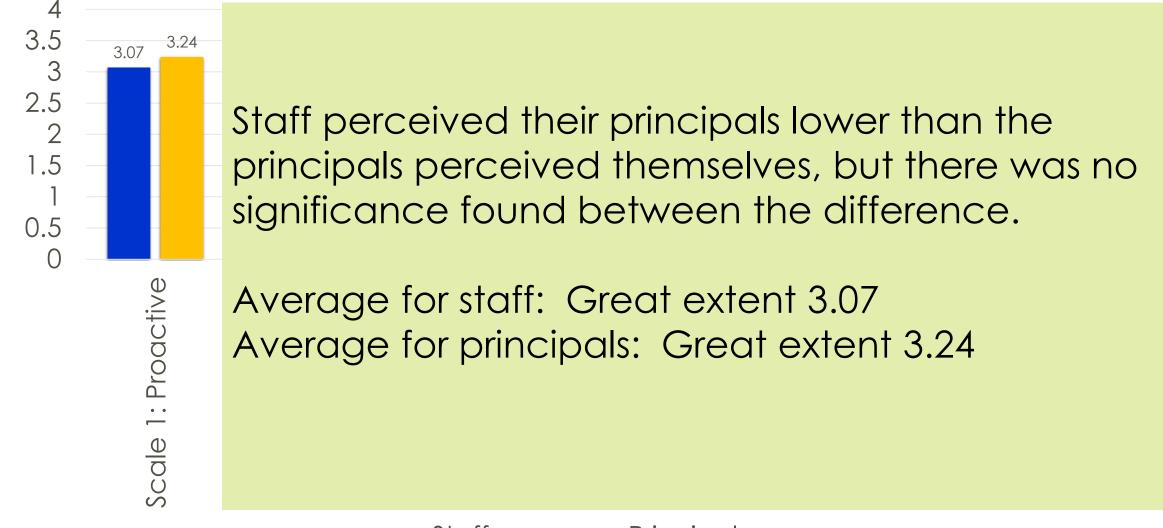
To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent

Proactive Leadership	Score
Establishing clear standards for PBIS Tier 1 implementation	
Developing a plan to facilitate PBIS Tier 1 implementation	
Removing obstacles to Tier 1 PBIS implementation	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

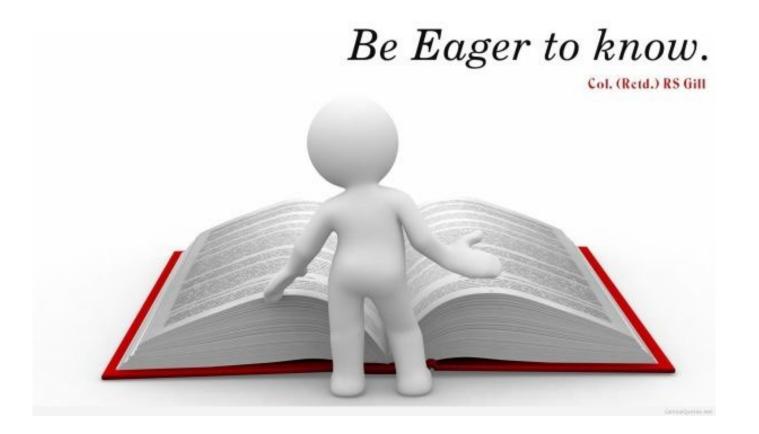
S-ILS Mean Scale Extent Scores



Additional Significance Found: Title 1 Schools

The 25 principals of non-Title 1 schools (M=3.53, SD=.51) rated their extent of their proactive behaviors significantly higher than 37 principals of Title 1 schools who rated the extent of their proactive behaviors (M=3.04, SD=.66) in PBIS universal implementation, t(60) =3.19, p = .002; d = .8. The effect size for this analysis (d =.8) was found to be a large effect using Cohen's d (1988).

Knowledgeable Leadership



Knowledgeable Leadership....

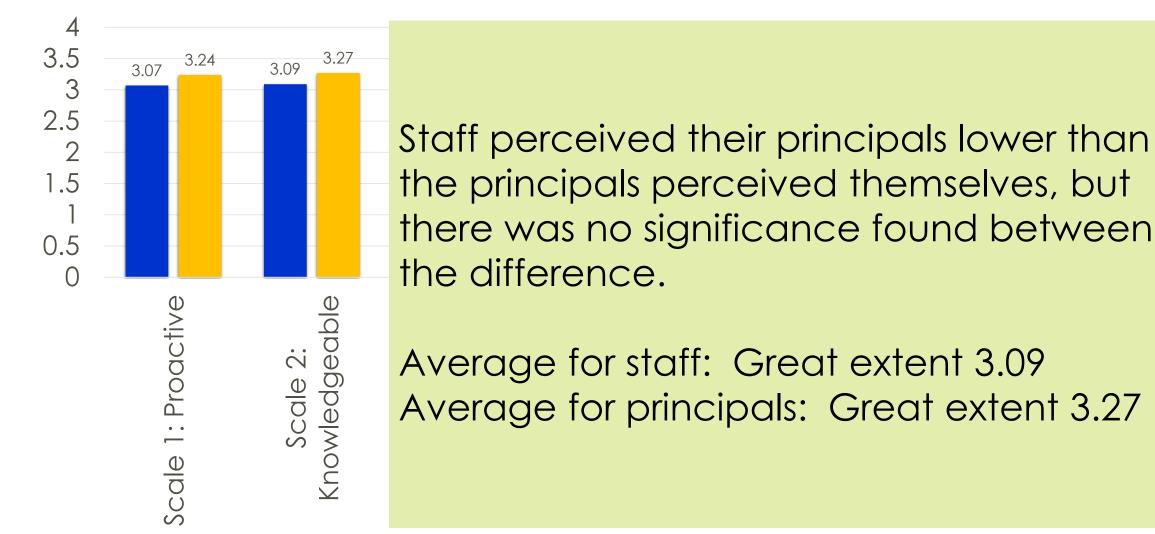
To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent

Knowledgeable Leadership	Score
Knows what he/she is talking about in Tier 1 PBIS implementation	
Is knowledgeable about universal Tier 1 PBIS	
Can answer staff questions about Tier 1 PBIS implementation	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

S-ILS Mean Scale Extent Scores



Staff mean Principal mean

Supportive Leadership



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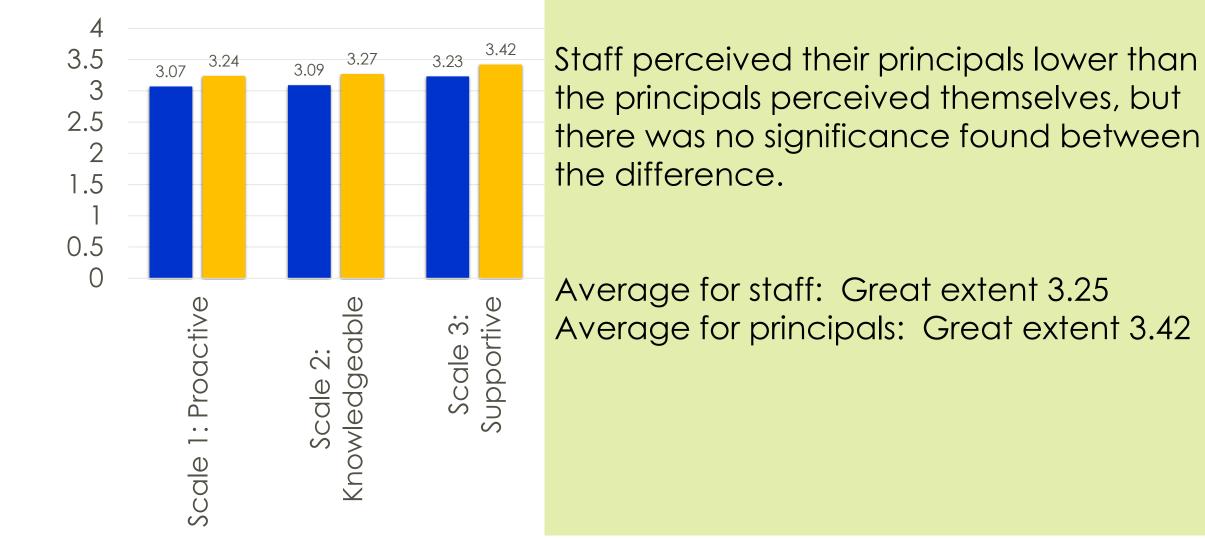
Supportive Leadership....

To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0 Not at all	1 Slight extent	2 Moderate extent	3 Great exte	4 nt Very great extent
Supportive L	eadership			Score
Supports empl	loyees' efforts in im	plementing Tier	1 PBIS	
Supports empl implementing	loyees' efforts to lea Tier 1 PBIS	arn more about		
U U	nd appreciates em on of Tier 1 PBIS	ployee efforts ir	n the	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

S-ILS Mean Scale Extent Scores





Perseverant Leadership....

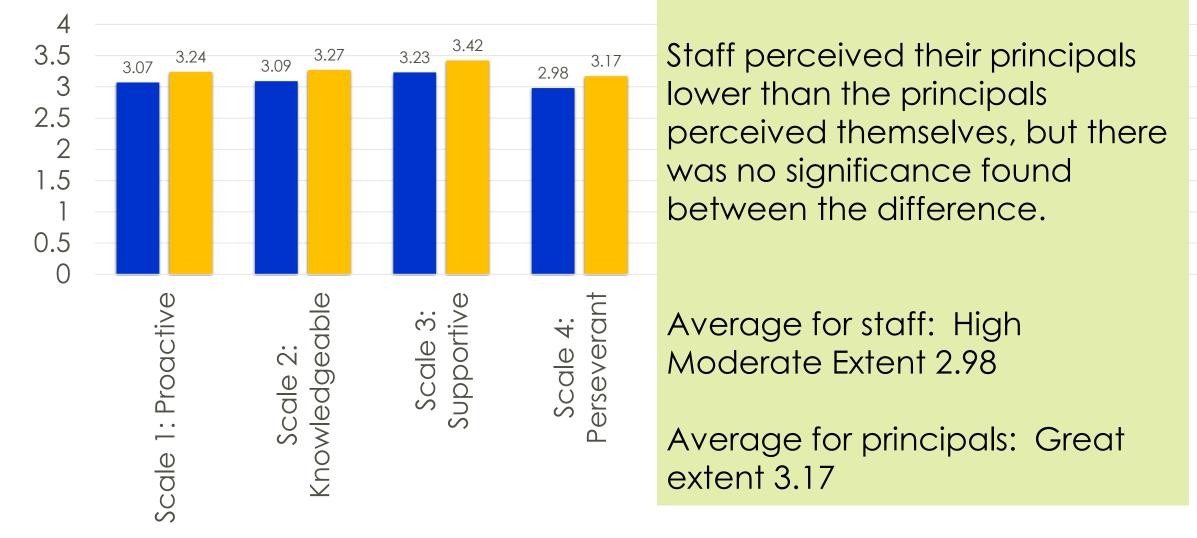
To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent

Perseverant Leadership	Score
Perseveres through ups/downs of Tier 1 PBIS implementation	
Carries on through challenges of implementing Tier 1 PBIS	
Reacts to critical issues regarding implementation of Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)





Staff mean Principal mean

Communication Leadership*



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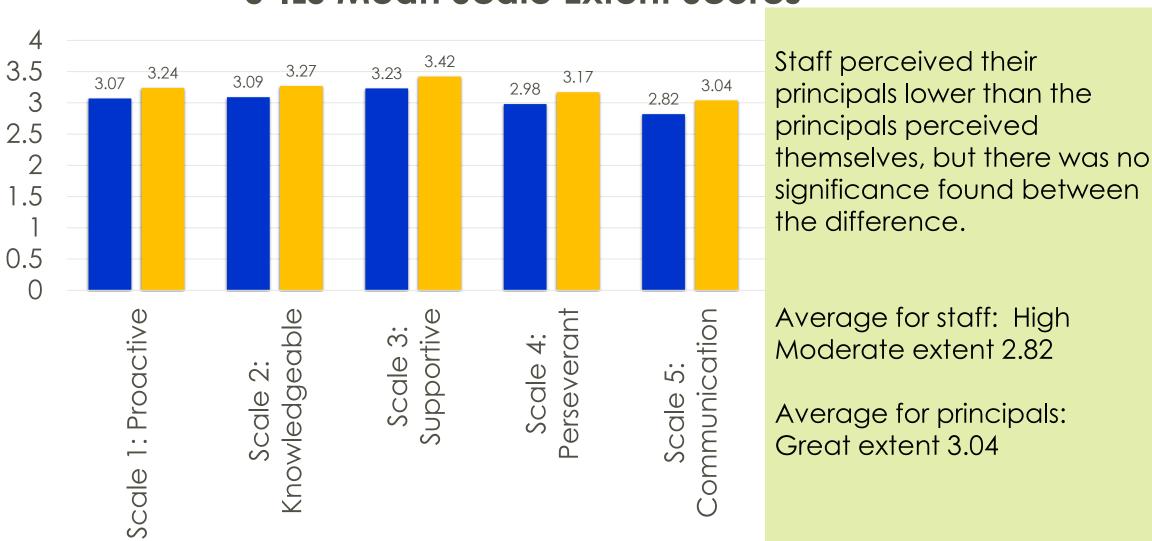
Communication Leadership...

To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent

Communication Leadership	Score
Establishing clear communication systems in Tier 1 PBIS	
Talking about evidence-based practices in Tier 1 PBIS	
Encouraging others to communicate about the Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)



S-ILS Mean Scale Extent Scores

Vision/Mission in Leadership*

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Vision/Mission Leadership...

To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

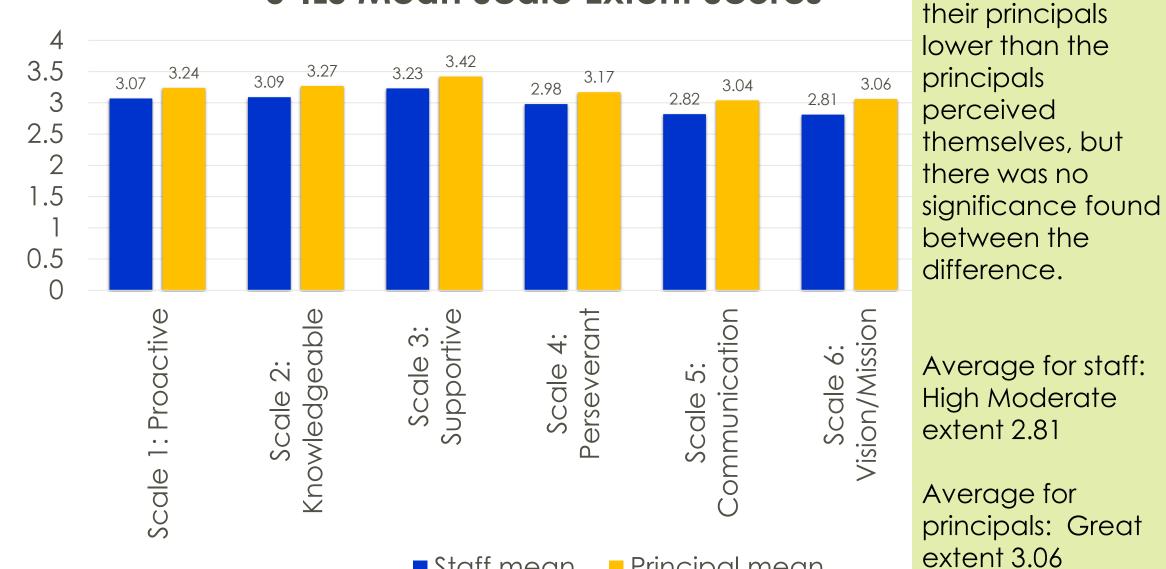
0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent

Vision/Mission Leadership	Score
Linking implementation of Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices to improved student outcomes	
Clear vision for the implementation of the Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices	
Connecting Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices to the broader mission of the school	

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

Staff perceived





Staff mean Principal mean

Leadership Availability*



Leadership Availability...

To what extent do you as the leader or your leaders exhibit the following behaviors:

0	1	2	3	4
Not at all	Slight extent	Moderate	Great extent	Very great
		extent		extent
Leadership Availability			Score	
Being accessible if staff needs help in implementing Tier 1 PBIS evidence based practices				
Available to discuss implementation of Tier 1 PBIS evidence based practices				
When there are problems or concerns around Tier 1 PBIS evidence-based practices staff can contact the leader				

School version Implementation Leadership Scale (S-ILS) (Aarons, et al., 2014; Lyon, et al., 2018)

4 3.5 3 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 0

S-ILS Mean Scale Extent Scores

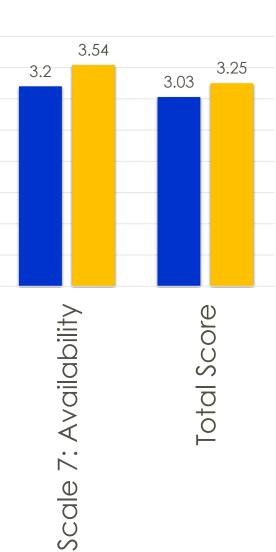
Staff perceived their principals lower than the principals perceived themselves. Significance was found.

Average for staff: Great extent 3.20 Average for principals: Great extent 3.54

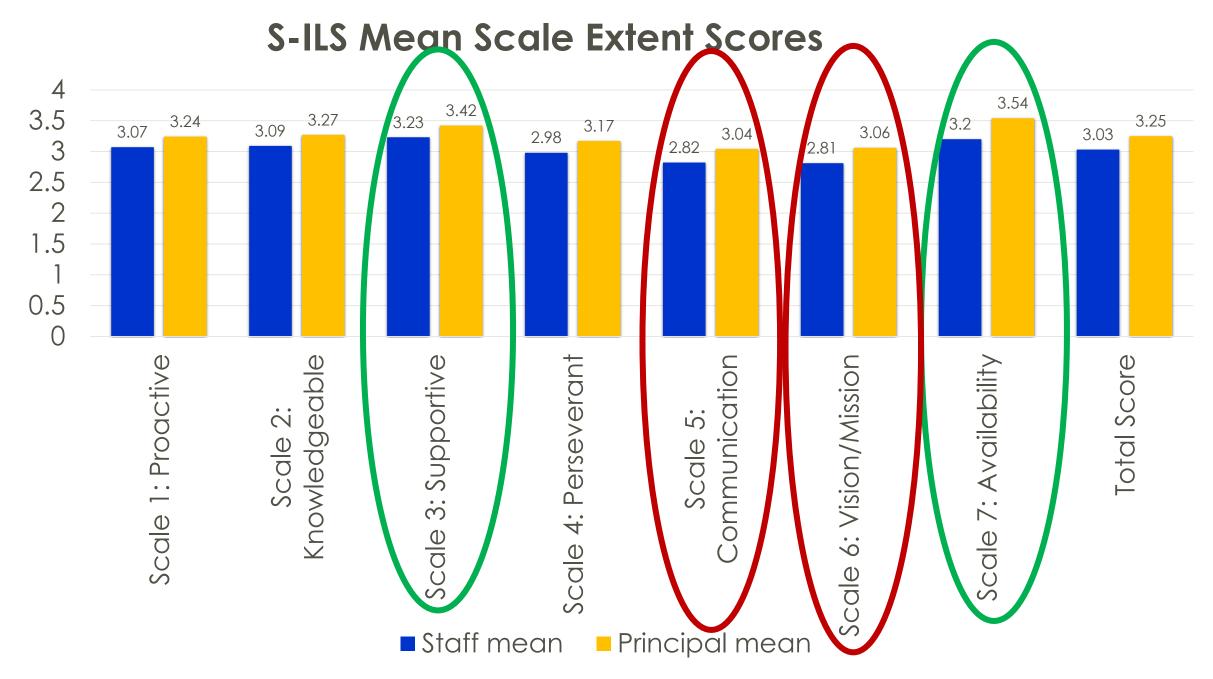
The **90 staff participants** who rated the extent of the availability of their principal in PBIS universal implementation (M = 480, SD = 34.5) **compared to the 62 principals** who rated their own availability in PBIS universal implementation (M = 425, SD = 31) **reported significantly lower scores in their perception of the principal's availability**, t(150) = -2.54, p = .01; d = .4.

The effect size for this analysis (d = .4) was found to be a **medium effect size** using Cohen's d (1988).

Staff mean \overrightarrow{v} Principal mean \overrightarrow{v}



Key: 0 = Not at all 1= Slight extent 2=Moderate extent 3=Great extent 4=Very great extent



Research Question #2 (Qualitative)

According to principals, what leadership actions do principals take to install and implement universal Tier 1 PBIS with fidelity?



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 1275 4447

Reflect....

1. What were the important leadership actions (i.e., specific behaviors you exhibited, examples, or self-reflective observations) that helped you implement universal Tier 1 PBIS to fidelity at your school?

2. If you had a colleague friend who was beginning to embark on the journey to implementing PBIS/MTSS-B, what leadership actions would you advise that principal to take at the onset? Research Question #2 Theme #1: Focus on Relationships # incidents: 33 # of groups: 6 (100%) # of contributing principals: 13 (93%)

Focus on Relationships, defined:

- Listen to positive and negative feedback
- Invite others to make change
- Build trust
- Celebrate with staff

So, if you have resistant staff, don't count them out as invaluable. Really listen to what they're saying because there's some really good validity. You know there's a reason there's a saying called **Devil's** advocate - you need somebody who is going to help you be reflective and question that thinking and not to see it as a negative thing but use it to help shape and form your program and even invite them to be on the team because the team needs to hear the authenticity of what's actually happening within the building and what the concerns are as well as the victories.

Principal K – F, PR, Y5, E5, P, ES, T, S6

Research Question #2 Theme #2: Prepare Staff to Implement # incidents: 59 # of groups: 6 (100%) # of contributing principals: 12 (86%)

Prepare Staff to Implement, defined:

- Build knowledge of leaders and staff
- Provide time for exploration
- Create the vision for PBIS
- Define the need for PBIS
- Generate staff interest

"I think you have to backward plan - begin with your end in mind and what do you want to accomplish? What do you want your school building to look like? To feel like for your students, for your faculty and staff? And let that be your driving force. I had someone tell me once and I'll never forget it. If you don't know where you're going any road will get you there."

Research Question #2 Theme #3: Support the Leadership Team # incidents: 57 # of groups: 6 (100%) # of contributing principals: 13 (93%)

Support the Leadership Team

- Empower team members
- Share leadership decisions
- Create a representative leadership team
- Support the completion of team tasks

I think being supportive, I think there are times that some ideas have been floated my way for approval that maybe I didn't see the same value or significance, as the team did, but trying to empower them I allowed them to roll with it and go with it. And I'm very thankful that I did because they've turned out to be successful where we're getting very positive feedback... it's easy to get into a position where you're taking on the reins and the responsibility all by yourself, and you're not as collaborative as maybe you should be or want to be. So, I think that you [need to be] collaborative. It's a team effort and find a good coach who can help lead the charge as well.

Research Question #2 Theme #4: Promote the PBIS Process # incidents: 57 # of groups: 6 (100%) # of contributing principals: 14 (100%)

Promote the PBIS process

- Actively model PBIS practices
- Persist consistently through the process
- Leverage resources to support staff and students
- Integrate PBIS with existing initiatives
- Communicate the importance of PBIS to all stakeholders

I had to be the face of it. |

know people that have tried to do it in other buildings where the principal wasn't involved. If the principal isn't leading it [won't get the same results] and I mean I led a lot of it. I was the talk. I spoke a lot. I studied a lot. I really tried to know and try to understand as much as I could, and really spearheaded it in even in light of people who did not want this to happen.

Principal B – M, PR, Y16, E16, P, E, T, S3

Research Question #2 Theme #5: Sustain Fidelity # incidents: 32 # of groups: 6 (100%) # of contributing principals: 13 (93%)

Sustain Fidelity

- Analyze data to improve practices
- Focus on fidelity of practice during installation
- Ensure quality implementation

They weren't implementing with fidelity, and so there were some things that we needed to go back and look at and kind of like just revamp it all. We had quite a few staff that left and so we had new staff that came on and so of course we needed to do initial trainings and all of those things to help get everyone up to speed and really to come share what the expectations were for staff because it wasn't a **negotiable**. This was something that we're going to do, but we wanted to implement again with fidelity.

Research Question #3 (Qualitative)

According to principals, what important leadership actions do principals take to persevere through challenges that threaten universal Tier 1 PBIS fidelity?

Reflect....

Challenges or barriers to implementation can happen inside or outside of the school.

1. What were the important events (i.e., specific behaviors, examples, or observations) that challenged implementation fidelity to universal Tier 1 PBIS?

2. What leadership actions did you take to limit, mitigate, or overcome these challenges?

Research Question #3 Challenge #1: Leadership Team Implementation Challenges # incidents: 14 # of groups: 5 (83%)

of contributing principals: 9 (64%)

Definition	Leader Behaviors in Response to Challenge	RQ #2: Leader Behaviors to Implement to Fidelity
Challenges of Administrator	 Focused on fidelity of implementation Reached out to external supports 	\Rightarrow Sustain Fidelity
Knowledge		\Rightarrow Prepare Staff
Inconsistent staff	Modeled how to use acknowledgement system	⇒ Promote PBIS Process
implementation	Made processes simpler for teachers	\Rightarrow Promote PBIS Process
	Provided time to ask questions about implementation	\Rightarrow Prepare Staff
Challenges with	Created mentorships for new staff	\Rightarrow Promote PBIS Process
expanding the work		\Rightarrow Support Leadership Team
of the team	Provided ongoing training	\Rightarrow Prepare Staff

Research Question #3 Challenge #2: Consequences Attributed to Covid-19 # incidents: 8 # of groups: 2 (33%) # of contributing principals: 5 (36%)

Definition	Leader Behaviors in Response to Challenge	RQ #2: Leader Behaviors to Implement to Fidelity
Covid PBIS System Adaptation Challenges	 Set up back-ups to the back-ups for team members Displayed a willingness to do things differently Used data to make revisions 	 ⇒ Support Leadership Team ⇒ Support Leadership Team ⇒ Sustain Fidelity
Teachers Experiencing High Levels of Stress and Negative Morale	 Removed some activities from teachers' plates Used extra pay duty for extra responsibilities Focused on staff wellness and social engagement 	⇒ Support Leadership Team ⇒ Promote the PBIS Process ⇒ Focus on Relationships

Research Question #3 Challenge #3: Stakeholder Resistance

incidents: 7

of groups: 4 (68%)

of contributing principals: 6 (43%)

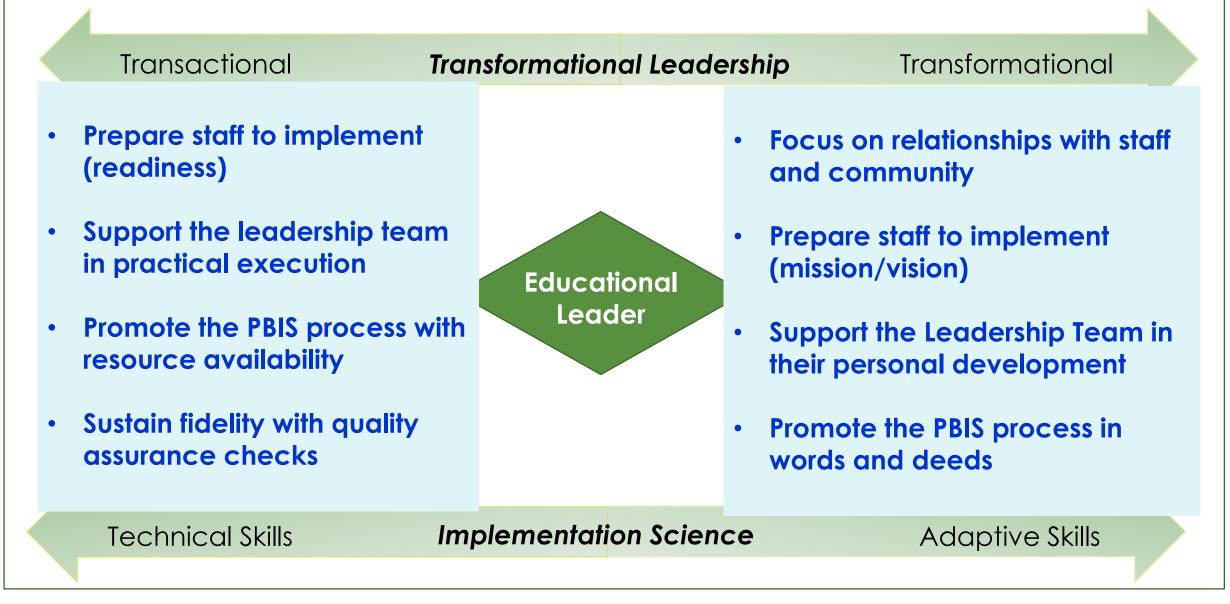
Definition	Leader Behaviors in Response to Challenge	RQ #2: Leader Behaviors to Implement to Fidelity
External Stakeholder Resistance (Family / Community)	 Held communication roundtables and focus groups Shared school's vision for PBIS Called families with positive recognition of their child Created clarity through a family handbook Responded to dissention - "face" of PBIS at onset (internal) 	$\begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \text{ Promote PBIS process} \\ \Rightarrow \text{ Promote PBIS process} \\ \Rightarrow \text{ Promote PBIS process} \end{array}$
Internal Stakeholder Resistance (Staff)	 Shared data to show a need Created a shared vision Communicated with empathy Modeled unconditional caring for students Established simple changes to improve outcomes 	 ⇒ Prepare Staff to Implement ⇒ Prepare Staff to Implement ⇒ Focus on Relationships ⇒ Focus on Relationships ⇒ Promote PBIS process

Research Question #3 Challenge #4: Resource Scarcity # incidents: 6

of groups: 3 (50%)
of contributing principals: 5 (36%)

Definition	Leader Behaviors in Response to Challenge	RQ #2: Leader Behaviors to Implement to Fidelity
Lack of Capital Resources	 Organized non-tangible rewards for students Used expertise of team to capture data on existing tools Provided a line-item budget for PBIS 	 ⇒ Sustain fidelity ⇒ Support Leadership Team ⇒ Support Leadership Team
Lack of Human Resources	 Provided additional pay for internal coaches Shifted focus towards building a stronger staff leadership team 	 ⇒ Promote PBIS ⇒ Support Leadership Team

Theoretical & Conceptual Framework



(Aarons et al., 2016; Bass, 1998; Blase, et al., 2015; Burns, 1978/2003; Fixsen et al., 2013; Furin, 2019; Heifetz, 1994; Millspaugh, 2022; Stewart, 2006)

Impacts on Practice

Mission & Vision Renewal

Leadership of Principal/PBIS Leader in the Development of Others

Leadership Development from Statewide Supports

Early Family Engagement Principal/PBIS Leader Collaboration Study was smaller in scope and not able to be generalized to larger groups

Limitations

Study was conducted during Covid 19 pandemic

Over-representation of suburban schools with limited racial/ethnic representation of Pennsylvania educators



Suggestions for Future Research

Expand Investigate Repeat Measure **Expand S-ILS Replicate this** Investigate Measure the studies with study outside experiences extent to evidenceof principals of the Covid which **district** based practices 19 pandemic at Title 1 level as part of the context schools entire MTSS leadership framework. supports are inclusive of

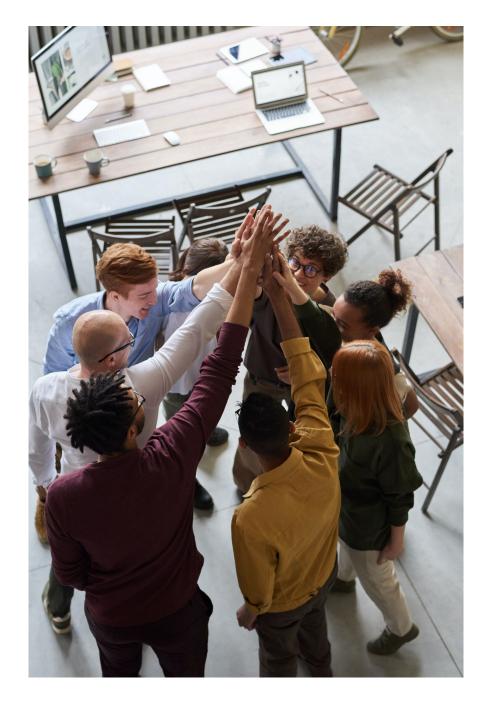
academic

evidence-

based practices

crucial to

MTSS-B fidelity



Conclusion: Hero to Hero-Maker

A renewed and expanded focus on adaptive leadership skills pragmatically transforms the role of the principal as hero to the role of principal as hero maker, promoting MTSS-B/PBIS to fidelity, and positively impacting each member of the learning community.



Let's Connect!

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For More Information & Details Regarding this study:

Millspaugh, R. (2022). *Implementing universal multi-tiered systems of support for behavior with fidelity: What principals do that makes a difference.* (Publication No. 29260048) [Doctoral dissertation, Saint Joseph's University]. ProQuest Dissertations & Theses Global: The Humanities and Social Sciences Collection.



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